POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF POCATELLO, IDAHO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

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Members of Idaho Society of Certified Public Accountants

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners

Pocatello Development Authority

Pocatello, Idaho

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Pocatello Development Authority, a component unit of the City of Pocatello, Idaho, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Pocatello Development Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Pocatello Development Authority as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2007, on our consideration of the Pocatello Development Authority internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pocatello Development Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Pocatello, Idaho March 31, 2007

Deaton & Company, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants 215 North 9th, Suite A Pocatello, ID 83201-5278 (208) 232-5825



Members of Idaho Society of Certified Public Accountants Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Pocatello Development Authority Pocatello, Idaho

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pocatello Development Authority as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, which collectively comprise the Pocatello Development Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pocatello Development Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Pocatello Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

lenton & Compani

Pocatello, Idaho

March 31, 2007

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (PAGE 1 OF 4)

As management of the Pocatello Development Authority, we offer readers of the Pocatello Development Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Pocatello Development Authority for the calendar year ended December 31, 2006. *All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in dollars.*

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year's operations, Pocatello Development Authority's total net assets decreased by \$971,196.

At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$426,614, or 463% of total general fund expenditures.

Pocatello Development Authority closed the Roosevelt District one year earlier than projections. At the end of the year there was \$196,209 in collected property taxes available for refund to the contribution taxing districts. As of the end of the year the board of directors had not yet authorized a refund.

The North Yellowstone project is finishing considerably under budget. The fiscal agents of the PDA still retain \$1,562,382.16 in bond proceeds in the construction account for this district. A determination on the disposition of these proceeds had not been made by the board as of December 31, 2006.

The Pocatello Development Authority's total debt decreased by \$705,000.00, 6%, during the year.

The Central Corridor district is on track to close in the year 2010.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information that presents combining statements for the special revenue funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different financial views of the Pocatello Development Authority.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about Pocatello Development Authority's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of Pocatello Development Authority's reporting operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like special revenue projects were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (PAGE 2 OF 4)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Pocatello Development Authority as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Pocatello Development Authority's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between Pocatello Development Authority's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure Pocatello Development Authority's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in Pocatello Development Authority's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the Pocatello Development Authority additional non-financial factors such as changes in the tax increment financing districts and tax base need to be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of Pocatello Development Authority consist only of Government activities. Property taxes and interest finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about Pocatello Development Authority's most significant funds. Funds are accounting devices that Pocatello Development Authority uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Some funds are required by bond covenants.

Pocatello Development Authority establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes.

Currently, Pocatello Development Authority has only governmental funds.

Governmental funds - The Pocatello Development Authority's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance Pocatello Development Authority's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement to explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (PAGE 3 OF 4)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Government-wide Financial Statements

Net assets

Table A-1 summarizes net assets for the year.

Table A-1 - Net assets

	Governmental Activities					
	200620	005 2004				
Cash Other assets Total assets	6,034,8675,1	\$ 10,749,966 10,138 24,731 \$ 10,749,966 5,533,344 16,283,310				
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	246,782 9	67,000 12,572,000 65,453 779,465 32,453 13,351,465				
Restricted net assets Unrestricted (deficit) net assets Total net assets	(4,041,021) (3,0	62,102 1,847,878 69,825) 1,083,967 07,722) \$ 2,931,845				

Net assets of Pocatello Development Authority's governmental activities decreased \$971,196.

Change in net assets - Table A-2 summarizes changes in net assets for the year.

Table A-2 - Change in net assets

	Governmental Activities				
	2006	2005	2004		
Revenues	\$ 2,370,442	\$ 2,337,367	\$ 2,477,155		
Expenses	3,341,638	6,476,934	3,235,891		
Change in net assets	(971,196)	(4,139,567)	(758,736)		
Beginning net assets	(1,207,722)	2,931,845	3,690,581		
Ending net assets	\$ <u>(2,178,918)</u>	<u>\$ (1,207,722)</u>	\$ 2,931,845		

The Pocatello Development Authority's total revenues decreased by \$33,075 and expenses decreased by \$3,135,296. The majority of the Pocatello Development Authority's revenues comes from property taxes. The majority of expenses were for project payments.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (PAGE 4 OF 4)

Governmental Activities

Fund balances in Governmental Funds decreased by \$971,196. The decrease was primarily due to project expenditures.

General Fund

Administrative expenses totaled \$17,117 in the general fund or 7% of total revenues and consisted of the following:

		General Fund					
	:=	2006		2005	-	2004	
Management fees	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	
Audit		3,350		3,800		3,685	
Commissioner meetings		1,237		1,531		1,053	
Other expenses		30		426	-	78	
	<u>_\$</u>	17,117	_\$	18,257	_\$	17,316	

Special Revenue Funds

Administrative expenses totaled \$226,884 in the special revenue fund or 8% of total special revenue fund revenues and consisted of the following:

General Fund service charge	\$	222,634	\$	1-	\$	\ -
Bank charges		4,250	-	5,702		5,806
ē.	<u>_\$_</u>	226,884	_\$	5,702	<u>\$</u>	5,806

Budgetary Highlights

The Pocatello Development Authority had \$11,867,000 in bonds outstanding at yearend.

CONTACTING THE POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the Pocatello Development Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Pocatello Development Authority's accountability for revenues and expenses. For questions about this report or if additional financial information is needed, contact Pocatello Development Authority, 1651 Alvin Ricken Drive, Pocatello, Idaho 83201.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2006 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL AT DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities		
	2006	2005	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,899,997	\$ 5,071,233	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,443,360	1,443,360	
Accrued interest	18,884	19,058	
Property tax receivable	2,128,788	2,430,956	
Notes receivable	1,886,868	2,096,868	
Inventory	418,743	418,743	
Bond issuance cost - net of amortization	138,224	144,513	
Total assets	\$ 9,934,864	\$ 11,624,731	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	3,125	3,125	
Accrued interest payable	243,657	257,328	
Current portion of long-term debt	742,000	705,000	
Long-term liabilities - net of current portion	_11,125,000	11,867,000	
Total liabilities	_12,113,782_	12,832,453_	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)			
Restricted for:			
Inventory	418,743	418,743	
Restricted for debt service	1,443,360	1,443,360	
Unrestricted	(4,041,021)	(3,069,825)	
Total net assets (deficit)	(2,178,918)	(1,207,722)	
Total liabilities and net assets (deficit)	\$ 9,934,864	\$ 11,624,731	

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

			Governmental Activities		
		G.	2006	2005	
EXPENSES					
Administration			\$ 1,238	\$ 13,561	
Project payments			2,648,437	5,727,026	
Professional services			20,131	10,320	
Interest			665,544	719,215	
Amortization of bond issuance costs			6,288	6,812	
			3,341,638	6,476,934	
REVENUES					
Property taxes			2,135,806	2,124,315	
Interest and other			234,636	213,052	
			2,370,442	2,337,367	
NET CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	e .	E	(971,196)	(4,139,567)	
BEGINNING NET ASSETS	* -	5	(1,207,722)	2,931,845	
ENDING NET ASSETS			\$ (2,178,918)	\$ (1,207,722)	

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL AT DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General Fund	Consolidated Corridor	North Yellowstone	Kress Building	Newtown	2006	2005
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent Accrued interest Property tax receivable Notes receivable Inventory	\$ 429,739 - - 15,000	\$ 250,391 2,250,863 9,120 1,697,945 1,871,868 418,743	\$ 2,412,327 9,764 368,864	\$ 37 5,749	\$ - - - 56,230	\$ 680,167 4,663,190 18,884 2,128,788 1,886,868 418,743	\$ 346,139 6,168,454 19,058 2,430,956 2,096,868 418,743
	\$ 444,739	\$ 6,498,930	\$2,790,955	\$ 5,786	\$ 56,230	\$ 9,796,640	\$ 11,480,218
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Deferred tax revenues Deferred notes receivable revenues	\$ 3,125 15,000 18,125	\$ 66,036 1,534,259 1,871,868 3,472,163	\$ - 177,621 268,973 	3,443	35,899	\$ 3,125 243,657 1,842,574 1,886,868 3,976,224	\$ 3,125 257,328 2,165,129 2,096,868 4,522,450
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Inventory Debt service Unreserved		418,743 751,453	691,907	¥ 8	\$ (#)	418,743 1,443,360	418,743 1,443,360
General fund Special revenue	426,614	1,856,5 7 1 3,026,767	1,652,454 2,344,361	2,343 2,343	20,331	426,614 3,531,699 5,820,416	290,346 4,805,318 6,957,767
	\$ 444,739	\$ 6,498,930	\$2,790,955	\$ 5,786	\$ 56,230		546
Amounts reported for governmental acti	vities in the stater	nents of net asset	s are different be	cause:			
Certain receivables are not current reso	urces and are rep	orted as deferred	revenues in the g	overnmental fund	ds	3,729,442	4,261,997
Long-term liabilities are not due and p governmental funds. Debt issuance cos over the life of the bond issued							74
Long-term debt Debt issuance costs - net of amortiza	ation					(11,867,000) 138,224 (11,728,776)	(12,572,000) 144,513 (12,427,487)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities						\$ (2,178,918)	\$ (1,207,722)

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL	. FOR THE YEAR ENDED	DECEMBER 31, 2005

Property to the property to		General Fund	Consolidated Corridor	North Yellowstone	Kress Building	Newtown	2006	2005	·)
Professional services 122,634 123,002 105,795 327,474 5,306 54,886 291,502 234,537 213,002 105,705 327,474 5,306 54,886 291,502 2,376,537 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,705 105,		s =	\$ 2.176.486	\$ 221.681	\$ 5.308	\$ 54.886	\$ 2,458,361	\$ 2165485	
Part		•						Ψ 2,100,400 	
Name	Interest and other				, ec				
Administration 17,117 3,561 75,000 144,266 5,182 5,182 2,648,473 5,2706 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75		228,386	2,299,578	327,474	5,308	54,886	2,915,632	2,378,537	
Administration 17,117 3,561 75,000 144,266 5,182 5,182 2,648,473 5,2706 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75	EXPENDITURES								
Project loans Professional services Professi		17,117	:=	*.	35	*	17,117	13,561	
Principal retriement 228,84	Projects and grants	*	2,498,969	144,286	5,182				
Principal retirement	and the second s	75,000	226 224	•	(#)	-	•		
Principal retirement			220,004	-	-	-	220,004	10,320	
Transfers 136,288 1,34,3495 5,182 - 4,337,983 7,19,215 7,158,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122 1,758,122		-	705,000		3 7 3	-	705,000	673.000	
EXCESS REVENUES OR (EXPENDITURES) 136,268		<u> </u>	212,220		-		665,545	719,215	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Notes receivable collections Transfers in (cut)		92,117	3,643,073	597,611	5,182		4,337,983	7,158,122	
Notes receivable collections Transfers in (cut) 136,268 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,205 10,002,20	EXCESS REVENUES OR (EXPENDITURES)	136,268	(1,343,495)	(270,136)	126	54,886	(1,422,352)	(4.779,585)	
Transfers in (cut) 136,268 1341,290 - 1	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 136,268 (1,002,205) (270,136) 126 (1,404) (1,137,352) (4,539,585) BEGINNING FUND BALANCE 290,346 4,028,972 2,814,496 2,217 21,736 2,1736 ENDING FUND BALANCE \$ 426,614 \$ 3,026,767 \$ 2,344,359 \$ 2,343 \$ 20,332 \$ 5,820,415 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because: Governmental funds only report taxes received within sixty days as current fund revenues. All taxes receivable are treated as revenues in the statement of activities. Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable the statements of net assets Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 15,000	Notes receivable collections	•		-	520		285,000	240,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 136,268 (1,002,205) (270,136) 126 (1,404) (1,137,352) (4,539,565) BEGINNING FUND BALANCE 290,346 4,028,972 2,614,496 2,217 21,736 ENDING FUND BALANCE 3 426,614 3 3,026,767 \$2,344,359 3,234 \$2,0332 \$2,0332 \$5,820,415 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because: Governmental funds only report taxes received within sixty days as current fund revenues. All taxes receivable are treated as revenues in the statement of activities. Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000	Transfers in (out)						205.000	240,000	
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ENDING FUND BALANCE \$ 426,614 \$ 3,026,767 \$ 2,344,359 \$ 2,343 \$ 20,332 \$ 5,820,415 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because: Governmental funds only report taxes received within sixty days as current fund revenues. All taxes receivable are treated as revenues in the statement of activities. Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable the statements of net assets Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related blonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 75,000 15,000	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	136,268	(1,002,205)	(270,136)	126	(1,404)	(1,137,352)	(4,539,585)	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because: Governmental funds only report taxes received within sixty days as current fund revenues. All taxes receivable are treated as revenues in the statement of activities. Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable the statements of net assets [285,000] (240,000) Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs [6,288] (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets [705,000] 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets	BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	290,346	4,028,972	2,614,496	2,217	21,736			6,957,767
Governmental funds only report taxes received within sixty days as current fund revenues. All taxes receivable are treated as revenues in the statement of activities. Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable the statements of net assets (285,000) (240,000) Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 75,000 15,000	ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 426,614	\$ 3,026,767	\$ 2,344,359	\$ 2,343	\$ 20,332			5,820,415
Principal payments received on notes receivable are current fund sources in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of notes receivable the statements of net assets Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets									
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Bond proceeds are current resources in governmental funds but are long-term debt in the statements of net assets. Bond issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issuad Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 75,000 15,000								(240,000)	
expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the statements of net assets and are amortized over the life of the related bonds issued Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets							, ,	,	
Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,288) (6,812) Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 15,000	expenditures in the governmental funds but are considered assets in the sta	erm debt in the statements of net as:	atements of net a sets and are amo	rtized over the lif	dance costs are fe of the related				
Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in governmental funds, but are presented as reductions of long-term debt in the statements of net assets Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 15,000									
statements of net assets 705,000 673,000 Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are presented as notes receivable in the statements of net assets 75,000 15,000	Principal payments on notes payable are current fund expenditures in govern	mental funds, but a	re presented as re	eductions of long-	term debt in the		(1,200)	(-,512)	
			- p. 00000 00 10		252 110		705,000	673,000	
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ (971,196) \$ (4,139,568)	Project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current fund expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds expenditures in the governmental funds but are project loans are current funds.	presented as notes	receivable in the	statements of net	assets		75,000	15,000	
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities						\$ (971,196)	\$ (4,139,568)	

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 13 OF 26)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Pocatello Development Authority (PDA) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for established governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Pocatello Development Authority are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965 authorized the Mayor, with advice and consent of the City Council, to appoint a board of commissioners for an urban renewal agency to function within the municipality, provided that the Council has first passed a resolution finding that one or more such areas are necessary, and that there is a need for an urban renewal agency to function in the City.

Pocatello's urban renewal agency, Pocatello Development Authority, was found necessary by resolution in 1988 and the board members were appointed thereafter. Unlike other advisory boards to the City Council, state law declares this agency to be "an independent public body corporate and politic" and gives it a wide range of authority to effectuate urban renewal.

Under generally accepted accounting principles, as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Pocatello Development Authority is included in the Annual Financial Statements of the City of Pocatello as a discretely presented component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of Pocatello Development Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated to the funds based on the purpose of the specific fund activities in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions.

Governmental Funds - These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund - This fund accounts for resources devoted to financing the general services that PDA performs. Revenues used to finance the fundamental operation of PDA are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating PDA for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 14 OF 26)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are include on the balance sheet. Their reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Pocatello Development Authority presents its government-wide financial statements using the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments". Government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net assets and a statement of activities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Government Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough after to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

PDA considers property taxes available for revenue recognition if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. All material revenue sources have been accrued.

PDA reports "deferred revenues" on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable and available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by PDA before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 15 OF 26)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Annual budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds on the cash basis of accounting. Only amounts related to unrestricted cash receipts and disbursements (general cash amount) are budgeted.

E. Encumbrances

PDA does not use encumbrance accounting.

F. Cash and investments

Unrestricted cash balances from all funds are combined and invested in investments authorized under Idaho State Code. Earnings from these investments are credited to the funds based on the monthly balance of cash in each fund. Cash includes cash on hand, deposits and other investments which are immediately convertible to cash or have a maturity of less than 90 days.

PDA is authorized under State Code to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government backed institutions, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements. PDA's policy is to restrict investment to highly liquid money market accounts.

G. Receivables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheets.

H. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability in governmental funds when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

I. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 16 OF 26)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Reclassification

Certain amounts from the prior year financial statements may have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at yearend consist of the following:

Deposits			
Cash in bank		\$	680,167
Cash in fiscal agent		7	4,663,190
		\$	5 <u>,3</u> 43 <u>,</u> 357_
Deposits are disclosed as follows:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	3,899,997
Restricted cash			1,443,360
	74	_\$_	5,343,357

PDA has no investments

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. At year-end, the Authority's carrying amount (reconciled balance reported in the financial statements) of deposits was \$5,343,356 and the bank balance (balance per bank statements) was \$5,343,356. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the government's agent in the government's name.

Deposits and Investment transactions are subject to a variety of risks.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or a counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Authority has a concentration risk of \$5,243,356 due to all deposits held within one issuer.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 17 OF 26)

NOTE 3 - Receivables

Property Taxes

Property tax revenues are recognized and accrued when billed by Bannock County. PDA's property taxes, levied by the third Monday of September on a market value basis, are billed to the taxpayers in November. Half of the real, personal and mobile home property taxes are due on December 20 and the remainder is due the following June 20. Other property taxes are due December 20. Real property taxes not paid constitute a lien on the property when entered on the real property assessment roll as delinquent on the first day of January of the succeeding year. Property taxes are assessed and collected for PDA by Bannock County.

NOTE 4 - Notes Receivable and Deferred Notes Receivable Revenue

The Consolidated Corridor Fund has loaned \$1,200,000 to a local corporation. The terms of the agreement require payment within ten years from the date of the loan at zero percent interest. The loan is due June 11, 2012.

The Consolidated Corridor Fund has loaned \$200,000 to a local corporation, at zero percent interest. The terms of the agreement require repayment either upon the sale of the first property within the corporation's business park or by December 16, 2009, whichever occurs first. \$3,132 was paid on this note in the current year leaving a balance of \$196,868.

The Consolidated Corridor Fund has loaned \$400,000 to a local corporation, at zero percent interest. The terms of the agreement require repayment of the loan within seven years from the date of the note (December 16, 2003).

The Consolidated Corridor Fund has loaned \$75,000 to a local corporation, at zero percent interest. The terms of the agreement require payment within one year from the date of the loan (August 16, 2006) unless certain employment goals are met. If so, the loan is forgiven.

The General fund has loaned \$15,000 to a local corporation, at zero percent interest. The terms of the agreement require payment within five years from the date of the loan (January 21, 2005).

Revenue from notes receivable is recognized when received and when received within 60 days after yearend. Principal balances not received with 60 days after yearend is shown as deferred note receivable revenues.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 18 OF 26)

NOTE 5 - Property Tax Receivable and Deferred Property Taxes

At yearend, property tax receivable and deferred tax revenues consisted of the following:

	R	eceivables	<u>Deferred Tax</u>		
Kress Building Newtown	\$	5,749 56,230	\$	3,443 35,899	
North Yellowstone Consolidated Corridor Districts		368,864		268,973	
Central Corridor		499,215		376,921	
North Main		56,817		20,525	
Old Town		308,561		303,461	
Alvin Ricken Drive		833 <u>,</u> 352		833,352	
		1,697,946		1,534,258	
	<u>\$</u>	2,128,789	<u>\$</u>	1,842,574	

NOTE 6 - Long-term Debt

PDA has issued bonds to provide funds for urban renewal for several Districts. Terms and maturities on notes are as follows:

10. at		Old t 1997 -		•	North Yellowstone 2004 - 5.50% to 6.00%				
Year	P	rincipal		nterest		Principal Principal	Interest		
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2015 2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2028	\$	75,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	1,931	\$	125,000 235,000 1,375,000 1,800,000 2,405,000 1,815,000 7,755,000	\$	453,325 453,325 453,325 446,450 2,024,625 1,597,000 994,800 222,000 6,644,850	
Year 2007 2008 2009		North Mai 1997 - Principal 72,000	in Distr 5.50%	rict	\$	Central 2001 - 4.75 Principal 595,000 780,000 820,000	Corr	idor	
2010 2011-2014		72,000	\$	1,980	_\$_	860,000 910,000 3,965,000	<u>\$</u>	68,795 23,433 541,154	

DEATON & COMPANY, CHARTERED

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 19 OF 26)

NOTE 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year, the following changes occurred related to bonds payable:

]	Beginning . Balance	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		
North Yellowstone	\$	7,755,000	\$	-	\$	-,	\$	7,755,000
Alvin Ricken Bond				720				
Old town Bond		145,000		()		70,000		75,000
North Main Bond		112,000		=		40,000		72,000
Central Corridor Bond		4,560,000				595,000		3,965,000_
	<u>\$</u>	12,572,000	\$		_\$	705,000	_\$_	11,867,000

NOTE 7 - Grants

Pocatello Development Authority has provided grants to business wanting to locate in Pocatello, Idaho. These grants contain conditions requiring the grantee to perform specified conditions to receive the grant awards. The grantee is required to repay the grant if the conditions of the grant are not met.

NOTE 8 - Expenditures over Budget

Expenditures in excess of budget were as follows:

North Yellowstone \$ 111,549

The overage in North Yellowstone District was the result of underestimate tax revenue at the beginning year. Tax revenues received and remitted to the fiscal agent were \$111,549 over budget.

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PAGE 20 OF 26)

NOTE 9 - Prior period restatement

A material misstatement of the property taxes receivable, deferred property tax revenue for the year ended December 31, 2005 has required the restatement of the financial totals of the 2005 financial statements. The results of this restatement are as follows:

- *	Re	estatement Amount		End 2005	-	Restated 2005
Statement of net Assets Property tax receivable Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	110,542 110, 542	<u>\$</u>	2,320,413 2,320,413	<u>\$</u>	2,430,956 2,430,956
Net Assets (Deficit) Unrestricted net assets Total net assets	\$	110,542 110,542		(3,180,368) (3,180,368)	\$	(3,069,826) (3,069,826)
	Re	estatement		Ending	Restated 2005	
		Amount		2005		
Statement of Activities Expenses	\$		\$	•	\$	
	-		\$ _\$ _\$	2005	\$ \$ \$	2005

NOTE 10 - Contingent Liabilities

The majority of the revenue collected by PDA is derived from tax increment financing. Tax increment financing is a method of segregating a portion of the property taxes paid on properties within an urban renewal district to fund improvements for which the district was formed. This is accomplished by freezing the market value of property within the district.

A contingent liability exists when the market value increase in the district is not large enough to fund any debt incurred by the district to finance the improvements within the district.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance
REVENUES			
GENERAL FUND			
Board Discretionary	\$ 237,48	34 \$ 222,634	\$ (14,850)
Interest	3,60		2,152
	241,08	228,385	(12,699)
SPECIAL REVENUES FUNDS			, ,
North Yellowstone	93,31	19 282,264	188,945
Kress Building	5,18		126
Newtown	56,28	54,886	(1,397)
Consolidated Corridor			
Central Corridor	396,05	•	(97,025)
Old Town	260,88	•	89,446
North Main	84,69	•	148,451
Roosevelt	378,49	•	(176,696)
Alvin Ricken Drive	1,043,63		(12,211)
Subtotal Consolidated Corridor	2,163,76		(48,036)
Subtotal Special Revenue Funds	2,318,55	2,458,188	139,638
Total Revenue All Funds	2,559,63	2,686,573	126,939
EXPENDITURES			
GENERAL FUND			
Administration	17,80	0 17,117	683
Board Discretionary	315,00	•	155,000
·	332,80		155,683
SPECIAL REVENUES		•	•
North Yellowstone	93,31	9 204,869	(111,549)
Kress Building	5,182	2 5,182	(0)
Newtown	56,28	3 56,290	(7)
Consolidated Corridor			
Central Corridor	396,059	9 493,009	(96,950)
Old Town	260,886	6 270,981	(10,095)
North Main	84,698	•	(20,002)
Roosevelt	392,33	•	159,216
Alvin Ricken Drive	1,043,630		12,211
Subtotal Consolidated Corridor	2,177,610		44,381
Subtotal Special Revenue Funds	2,332,395	2,399,571	(67,176)
Total Expenditures All Funds	2,665,195	5 2,576,688	88,506
EXCESS REVENUES OR (EXPENDITURES)	(105,56	109,885	215,445

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pocatello Development Authority prepares its budget on the cash basis.

Budgeted revenues consist of the expected tax receipts for special revenue funds and anticipated interest income for the General Fund. Pocatello Development Authority does not budget for investment income on funds held in trust by its fiscal agent nor does it budget for investment income receivable or repayments on outstanding loans.

Budgeted expenditures consist of the amounts anticipated for project expenditures and administrative expenditures and the amounts transferred to the fiscal agent for debt service and reserves. Pocatello Development Authority does not budget for debt service paid from the funds held in trust by its fiscal agent nor does it budget for unanticipated loans or grants that might be made in a given year.

The reconciliation between PDA's budget and a GAAP budget follows:

		Budget	Actual
Budgeted revenues	\$	2,559,634 \$	2,686,573
Modified GAAP adjustments			
Principal on loans received		285,000	285,000
Interest earned on trust accounts held			
by fiscal agent	0=	229,059	229,059
Modified GAAP budgeted revenues	\$_	3,073,693 \$	3,200,632
Budgeted Expenditures	\$	4,290,318 \$	2,576,688
Modified GAAP adjustments			
Principal paid on debt by trust funds		705,000	705,000
Interest paid on debt by trust funds		665,545	665,545
Grants made		386,500	386 , 500
Trustee expenses	-	4,250	4,250
Modified GAAP budgeted expenditures	\$	6,051,613 \$	4,337,983

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS CONSOLIDATED CORRIDOR DISTRICTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL AT DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Central Corridor	Old Town	North Main	Roosevelt	Alvin Ricken	2006	2005
	Oorridor	Old TOWIT	Wan	Nooseven	TOICET	2000	2003
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,286	\$ 4,213	\$ 48,683	\$ 196,209	\$ -	\$ 250,391	\$ 52,631
Cash with fiscal agent	2,152,967	59,930	37,966	-	•	2,250,863	3,384,603
Accrued interest	8,715	248	157	j	20	9,120	10,792
Property tax receivable	499,215	308,561	56,817	=	833,352	1,697,945	2,247,768
Notes receivable	1,871,868	4. - 4		170		1,871,868	2,081,868
Land	418,743	_	-			418,743	418,743
Total assets	\$ 4,952,794	\$ 372,952	\$ 143,623	\$ 196,209	\$ 833,352	\$ 6,498,930	\$ 8,196,405
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ =	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$
Accrued interest payable	63,777	1,609	650	· •	123	66,036	79,708
Deferred tax revenue	376,921	303,461	20,525	-	833,352	1,534,259	2,005,857
Deferred notes receivable revenue	1,871,868	[# <u>(</u>	-n			1,871,868	2,081,868
Total liabilities	2,312,566	305,070	21,175	1	833,352	3,472,163	4,167,433
				-2			
FUND BALANCES							
Reserves for:	440.740					140.740	440.740
Inventory	418,743	-	27 500	-	i n i	418,743	418,743
Debt service	655,453	58,500	37,500	400.000	(4):	751,453	751,453
Unreserved	1,566,032	9,382	84,948	196,209		1,856,571	2,858,776
Total fund balances	2,640,228	67,882	122,448	196,209	-:	3,026,767	4,028,972
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,952,794	\$ 372,952	\$ 143,623	\$ 196,209	\$ 833,352	\$ 6,498,930	\$ 8,196,405

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
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POCATELLO DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CONSOLIDATED CORRIDOR DISTRICTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

D D	Central Corridor	Old Town	North Main	Roosevelt	Alvin Ricken	2006	2005
REVENUES	Φ 404 44 7	Ф 000 440	Ф 400 070	¢ 004.700	Ф 4 004 440	¢ 0.470.400	Φ 0.400.440
Property taxes	\$ 464,447	\$ 289,148	\$ 189,676	\$ 201,796	\$ 1,031,419	\$ 2,176,486	\$ 2,103,410
Interest and other	<u>118,556</u> 583,003	2,763	1,773 191,449	201,796	1,031,419	<u>123,092</u> 2,299,578	85,607
	303,003	291,911	191,449	201,790	1,031,419	2,299,576	2,189,017
EXPENDITURES							
Project payments	2,101,981	-	-	10,488	Ø	2,112,469	1,400,142
Project grants	386,500	-	140	2 4 ;		386,500	<u> </u>
Professional services	3,250	1,000		222,634		226,884	4,406
Loan made	1.70	1/17	-	: -	.	= 0	=
Debt services							
Principal retirement	595,000	70,000	40,000		-	705,000	673,000
Interest	203,358	4,164	4,698		<u> </u>	212,220_	248,725
	3,290,089	75,164	44,698	233,122	-	3,643,073	2,326,273
EXCESS REVENUES OR	(2,707,086)	216,747	146,751	(31,326)	1,031,419	(1,343,495)	(137,256)
de de la companya de							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Notes receivable collections	285,000	-	<u> </u>	-	44	285,000	240,000
Transfers in (out)	1,358,732	(209,797)	(61,226)		(1,031,419)	56,290	(181,218)
	1,643,732	(209,797)	(61,226)	····	(1,031,419)	341,290	58,782
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,063,354)	6,950	85,525	(31,326)	it -	(1,002,205)	(78,474)
NET OTTANGE IN TOND BALANGE	(1,000,004)	0,000	00,020	(01,020)		(1,002,200)	(10, 111)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	3,703,581	60,932	36,925	227,534		4,028,972	4,107,446
	1						
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,640,227	\$ 67,882	\$ 122,450	\$ 196,208		\$ 3,026,767	\$ 4,028,972

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
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